

# The Indianapolis Sentinel.

VOL. XXXIV--NO. 73.

INDIANAPOLIS, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1885.

WHOLE NO. 10,138.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR SATURDAY--Warmer, and generally fair weather, followed in Ohio valley by local rains and winds, generally shifting southwesterly; falling, preceded in eastern portions by rising barometer.

Extensive preparations are being made at our Factory for the Spring and Summer Trade, and when the season opens we will be in the lead regarding variety, quality and prices, at the

**WHEN**  
Clothing Store.  
Rare Bargains now in Broken Lines in Every Department.

**Cuticura**  
THE GREAT SKIN CURE.  
My wife had a most annoying eruption make its appearance on the fingers of both hands about the first of last March. Supposed it was from poison. Several physicians saw it, some diagnosing it as eczema, others pronouncing it scabies. A great many domestic remedies were used, with no effect. The disease steadily grew worse. The eruptions of three of our very best physicians were tried, with but little better results. The terrible itching was so great as almost to deprive her sleep. After two months of this suffering she began the use of Cuticura. What was the result? The first application of the Cuticura relieved the itching, and now after four months' daily use of them her hands are sound and well. I doubt not if they had been employed at first a cure would have been effected in a short time. DR. W. H. HALL, Druggist, Frankfort, Ky.

## SCALP HEAD.

F. J. Truesdell, druggist, Connecticut, O., reports a case as follows: The patient's head was simply a solid scalp, and the dry scales constantly falling off his head, making his shoulders white in a few hours. He suffered all the tortures imaginable with his head, burning and itching and a terrible headache all the time. Took three bottles of Cuticura, used no boxes Cuticura and some Cuticura soap, and was cured. Head is as entirely free from scales as it was the day he was born. No more itching and burning, and no more headache. It seems almost incredible that anything could cure so bad a case so quickly. The patient says you do not claim that enough for Cuticura.

## DISFIGURING

Hemorrhoids, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching Tortures, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, and Infamously Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.  
Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, cleanses the blood and purges out impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause.  
Cuticura the great Skin Cure, instantly allays itching and inflammation, cures the skin and scalp, heals Ulcers and Sores, and restores the Hair.  
Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from Cuticura, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Eruptions, Chapped and Oily Skin.  
Cuticura Remedies are absolutely pure, and the only infallible Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers.  
Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

**BABY** Use Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier.

**DON'T**  
Forget we have the renowned  
**KNABE**  
PIANOS  
In All Styles--Grands, Squares and Uprights.

**Theo Pfaffin & Co.**  
83 and 84 North Pennsylvania St.  
Everett Pianos,  
Story & Clark Organs,  
Tuning, repairing and moving a specialty.

**A FULL LINE**  
OF  
**SPRING OVERCOATS**

At \$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and upwards can now be seen at the

**MODEL**  
CLOTHING CO.

JUST RECEIVED--Full lines of Cassimere Hats, both high and low crowned.

## THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Hazen's Court Martial Resumed--Secretary Manning Makes Changes--Sherman and the Finance Committee.

President Cleveland's Proclamation Regarding the Oklahoma Lands--The Proceedings in the Senate.

## NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Hazen's Court Martial--The Diplomatic Corps Visit the Executive Mansion--Secretary Manning Reducing Expenses, Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--In the Hazen Court Martial this afternoon the counsel for the defense caused a sensation in the court by a statement in connection with the examination of Edmund Hudson, editor of the Capitol, of this city, that they would prove that the articles published in the Chicago Tribune and Washington Capitol, assailing General Hazen and giving the first information to the public of his having written a letter to the Secretary of War, throwing the blame for the trade termination of the Greely Expedition upon that official, had been inspired by the Secretary of War, and they would trace them to his desk and to his hand.

The War Department having agreed to pay the stenographer his proper bill, he resumed his work. With some unimportant testimony from Captain Mills, of the Signal Office, the prosecution rested the case. The defense had not concluded the examination of Mr. Hudson when the court adjourned.

The message withdrawing the treaties was very short. It assigns no other reason for their withdrawal than re-examination. The President received the members of the Diplomatic Corps and the ladies of their families in the Blue Parlor of the Executive Mansion this afternoon. He was assisted by his sisters, Miss Cleveland and Mrs. Hoyt. The members of the Cabinet and the ladies of their families were also in attendance. The visitors were formally presented to the President and the ladies of his family by the Secretary of State. The reception lasted about an hour, and all the foreign representatives called to pay their respects.

The first decided action of Secretary Manning in regard to changes in the force under the Treasury Department, was announced this morning. It consists of a material reduction of the force in the special agents' divisions, whereby it is expected a saving of \$40,000 annually will be effected. The services of forty persons in various parts of the country have been dispensed with, and notices to that effect mailed to them to-day. The list includes six special agents, twenty-five special inspectors of customs, and ten employees whose names are borne on the so-called "frat roll." This action reduces the number of agents to twenty-two, inspectors to twenty-five, and the frat roll employees to fifteen. It is stated at the department that these changes are made solely in the interest of economy, and no new appointments will be made to fill the vacancies created. Secretary Manning has also decided that hereafter the appropriation for the prevention and detection of frauds upon customs and revenue, shall not be used for the purpose of making permanent appointments, but shall be confined strictly to paying for information received concerning revenue frauds, and to enable the department to employ persons in special cases, where it is believed frauds are being perpetrated.

The President's message asking for the return of the Nicaragua, Spanish and Dominican Treaties was received by the Senate to-day in executive session. The treaties will be returned to the Executive at once, no action of the Senate being required. Senator Sherman has declined to serve upon the Senate Finance Committee.

Senator Sherman and the Senate Finance Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--In the absence of any authentic information gossip is busy over the rumored reasons for Senator Sherman's declination to serve upon the Finance Committee. To an Associated Press reporter who asked Sherman for his reasons to-day, he said: "If I have any apologies to make I will make them to my constituents." In report of two years ago that Sherman was to be restored to the chairmanship of the Finance Committee, from which he withdrew to become Secretary of the Treasury, is revived; and it is said some personal ill feeling existed between Sherman and Senator Morrill, the present Chairman of the committee, in consequence. Mr. Morrill was asked in regard to the matter to-day, but replied he had nothing to say, but added that so far as he knew the relations between Sherman and himself were cordial. There is said to be a feeling which is not entirely cordial between Sherman and Aldrich, and rumor alludes indefinitely to a demand or request, said to have been made by the former that the latter should be removed from the Finance Committee, in default of which he (Sherman) would no longer serve. This can not be traced to any authentic source, but on the other hand, none who should know the facts are found to deny it. It can be said that when the subject of Sherman's retirement was referred to in caucus the other day, a colloquy which ensued between Sherman and Morrill was kindly in tone each professing a sincere personal esteem for the other. The only reason brought forward there for the retirement of Sherman was his belief that the interests of his constituents were not fairly considered in the action of the committee upon the wool tariff. Sherman asked then to be relieved from further service, but the caucus, by a formal vote, declined to relieve him. The misunderstanding between Sherman and Aldrich dated back, it is said, to the action of the committee respecting the tariff, and has been revived and possibly increased by the controversy over refunding and National Bank measures, in respect to which the two advocates of widely different courses of procedure.

It is likely that nothing further can be heard of the matter until next session, as the committee will have nothing to do beyond the consideration of nominations during the present session.

## Nominations.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--The following nominations were made to-day. Colonel Nelson H. Davis, Inspector General, to be

Inspector General with the rank of Brigadier General; Lieutenant Colonel Abolomb Baird, Inspector General, to be Inspector General with the rank of Colonel; Major Robert P. Hughes, to be Inspector General with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. The Senate confirmed Charles S. Fairchild, of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

## The President's Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--The following proclamation has been issued by the President:

By the President of the United States of America, a Proclamation.

Whereas it is alleged that certain individuals, associations and persons, and corporations are in unauthorized possession of portions of the territory known as the Oklahoma lands, within the Indian Territory, which are designated, described and recognized by the treaties and laws of the United States; and whereas, it is further alleged that certain other persons or corporations within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States have begun and set on foot preparations for organized and forcible entry and settlement upon the aforesaid lands, and are now threatening such entry and occupation, and whereas, the laws of the United States provide for the removal of all persons residing or being found upon such Indian lands and territory without permission, expressly and legally obtained of the Interior Department.

Now, therefore, for the purpose of protecting the public interests, as well as the interests of the Indian nations and tribes, and to the end that no person or persons may be induced to enter upon said territory, where they will not be allowed to remain without the permission of the authority aforesaid, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby warn and admonish all and every person, persons, now occupying or threatening to enter in or upon the same, that they will not be permitted to enter upon said territory, or if already there, will be allowed to remain there, and that they will be required to voluntarily obedience to laws and treaties of the United States and this admonition and warning is not sufficient to effect the purposes and intentions of the Government as herein declared, the military power of the United States will be invoked to abate all such unauthorized possession, and to prevent such threatened entry and occupation, and to remove all such intruders from the said Indian lands.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. (Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President: T. F. BAYARD, Secretary of State.

Stocks--The Indianapolis Postoffice, Etc.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--Ex-Representative Stockholder said to the Sentinel correspondent to-night that he had received a very favorable report from Senator Voorhees and Representative Cobb, who called upon Secretary Manning in his interest for the Second Comptrolship of the Treasury.

Stockholder stated that a decision would be reached within three or four days most likely. Cobb says that Voorhees and himself were very favorably impressed with the way in which Stockholder's name was received, and were asked to come again on the same mission the first of next week.

Judge Lutz, of the Delaware Circuit Court, came here from Manassas to-day, and is at the bedside of his father, who is dangerously ill. Judge Lutz says his presence here has no political bearing whatever, and that he will return to Indiana as soon as his father is beyond danger.

Indianians believe to-night that Vice President Hendricks will name the Postmaster at Indianapolis, and that he will be Aquilla Jones.

A reception was given by Mrs. Voorhees and daughter last night, which has been the subject of many complimentary references to-day. It was largely attended by Indians, and was a brilliant social and thoroughly enjoyed.

## The Senate's Extra Session.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--Mr. Cameron offered a resolution naming the chairman and members of the Senate Committee, as agreed upon by the caucuses, and asked its immediate consideration. Agreed to.

A new committee of seven members on coast defenses is created, with Mr. Dolph as Chairman, and Messrs. Cameron, Sewell, Hawley, McPherson and Fair as members.

On Appropriations, Mahone succeeds Logan, and Gorman succeeds Ransom. Upon Public Lands Teller succeeds Hill, Cockrell succeeds Walker and Walshaw succeeds Slater. The Judiciary Committee is made up as follows: Edmunds, Chairman; L. G. McMillan, Hoar, Wilson of Iowa, Evans, Pugh, Coker, Venable and Jackson. Other changes have been published.

The resolution embodying the committee was adopted unanimously. Mr. Sherman declined to serve on the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Morris suggested the usual form was to ask the Senate to excuse him.

Mr. Sherman--I do not think it necessary to ask the Senate to excuse me for serving and I respectfully decline.

Mr. Morrill--I hope no action will be taken upon the matter.

Mr. Ingalls offered a resolution calling upon the President for information in regard to the occupation of Oklahoma, and what action was being taken in that regard.

Under an objection from Mr. Cockrell it was not until to-morrow.

After a short executive session the Senate adjourned until Monday.

Business Transacted at the Western Union Office.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--The amount of business transacted by the Western Union Telegraph Company during the week that ended March 7, was greater than any previous inaugural week in the history of the office. In the week of the inauguration in 1881 the number of words of press matter sent was 400,000, and private messages 72,300; in the recent inaugural week the number of words handled was 817,270, and private messages 87,910, an increase of more than 217,000 words for the press and 15,610 messages over the corresponding week of 1881. The greatly increased newspaper space given to descriptions of the inauguration of President Cleveland as compared with that of President Garfield, is shown by the fact that 250,000 words of press matter were sent from the Washington office on March 4, 1885, against 196,000 in 1881--an increase of nearly 50,000 words. This immense volume of business was handled under the skillful direction of Manager Mearns with a promptness and accuracy never before attained. During the week which followed the inauguration of President Garfield the amount of press matter sent from the Washington office was somewhat larger than that sent during the

recent inauguration week, but the volume of general business was much smaller, and the aggregate of the work done considerably less.

## Senator Hampton Very Ill.

WASHINGTON, March 13.--It is rumored at the Capitol this morning that Wade Hampton, the South Carolina Senator, is suffering from blood poisoning, and is in a very critical condition.

The Sale and Transfer of the Property of the Cleveland Herald.

CLEVELAND, O., March 13.--Negotiations which have been pending between the Herald Publishing Company for the purchase of that concern by the Cleveland Leader Printing Company and the Pfandeler Publishing Company were consummated to-night. The total subscription list of news agents and carriers of routes are to be transferred to and consolidated with the Leader, together with the files, running back to 1819, the year the Herald was established. The Pfandeler takes the perfecting press, type, machinery and all the fixtures, and will remove immediately into the Herald building and commence a morning edition, in addition to its evening. The Pfandeler will be backed by abundant capital, and will be made a first class Democratic daily. The Leader will have its circulation increased by that of the Herald. The Associated Press franchise held by the Herald will be cancelled. The circulation of the Morning and Evening Herald for the past year, raised from 12,000 to 15,000 copies daily, which, added to the Leader, gives it a daily circulation of more than 30,000 copies.

Louisville Closing the Gambling Houses.

LOUISVILLE, March 13.--A sensation was created here this afternoon by the announcement that all the gambling houses in the city had been closed. Chief of Police Whalen notified all the proprietors to close up or be raided. One and all quietly shut up shop and closed the game. Many expressed themselves as glad to quit the business. Louisville has been the paradise of gamblers for years, and the amount of gambling indulged in prodigious. A vigorous war on gaming has been made recently, and it has been closed as one of the results. It is not known just what the result will be, but it is thought the large houses, backed by plenty of capital, will resume business, while only the smaller establishments will close permanently.

A Complicated Divorce Case.

PHILADELPHIA, March 13.--John J. Miller, in 1849, married Elizabeth A. Rogers. The result of the union was four children. They were divorced, and Mrs. Miller married Robert E. Randall, a brother of Samuel J. Randall. The lady soon procured a second divorce and remarried her first husband, who, meantime, became a well-known sporting man. Mrs. Miller the third time secured a divorce, and now it is alleged by collusion of Mrs. J. Bonavista, the wife of Frank J. Bonavista, and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Miller, hearing of the collusion entered into by her father and mother in collusion with other persons, brings an action in the courts to have the divorce set aside.

The Wabash Recorder's Report.

ST. LOUIS, March 13.--The receiver of the Wabash Railroad filed this report in the United States Court this afternoon for the months of December, January and February, which shows a deficit between the earnings and expenses of \$152,381. The loss is attributable to the snow blockades and the general bad weather of the past winter. The rumor that R. Woodard, the receiver of the Texas and St. Louis Narrow Gauge Road, has resigned is verified. He tendered his resignation nearly two months ago, and will retire as soon as his place can be filled. It is understood that Mr. Woodard will go on an Eastern tour.

New Orleans Exposition.

NEW ORLEANS, March 13.--The attendance at the exposition to-day was again very large, and exhibitors and managers are overjoyed at the brightening prospects. To-morrow is Tennessee Day.

The Southern Immigration Society to-day decided to establish an "entrepot" for immigrants at New Orleans.

The Women's National Christian Union met in Music Hall, Arkansas were made by Mrs. Mary L. Lathrop, of Michigan; Miss Frances E. Willard, President of the Society; ex-Governor John P. St. John and others.

Coal Harbor Abandoned.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 13.--Orders have been received for the Canadian Pacific Railway to stop all work of surveying at Coal Harbor. The engineering staff has been discharged. Coal Harbor had been selected as the Pacific Coast terminus of the Northern Pacific, but the change from Port Moody was not considered satisfactory to the Government.

A Peace Society Cablegram.

BOSTON, March 13.--The following cablegram sent by the American Peace Society, to-day, to Henry Richard, M. P., London: The American Peace Society, representing the Christian sentiment of America, fully sympathizes with your effort to avert an Anglo-Russian War. (Signed) ROWLAND C. HOWARD, Secretary.

A Verdict of Guilty in a Libel Suit.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 13.--The jury in the case of the criminal libel suit against the Evening Banner, brought in a verdict of guilty, and imposed a nominal fine of \$50. The libel suit grew out of publications concerning the Penitentiary and the management of the convicts. The Banner has appealed.

Trade Dollars.

PHILADELPHIA, March 13.--Superintendent Snowden, of the United States Mint, this city, states that he has received over 50,000 trade dollars since March 1, and that letters from holders of the coin in various parts of the country are pouring in upon him.

General Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, March 13.--General Grant slept a good deal to-day. He took food frequently and asked for it. His pulse and temperature are about the same. His general condition is more favorable.

## FROM OVER THE SEA.

An Anglo-Russian Agreement Reported--Various Speculations in Regard to the Afghan Question.

France Expels the Fenian Residents--The Mahdi Reported to Have Evacuated Metemneh.

## RUSSO-AFGHAN AFFAIRS.

An Agreement Between England and Russia Regarding Afghanistan--Fears That Hostilities May Begin Before Orders Reach There.

LONDON, March 13.--The members of the Commons heard Gladstone's announcement of an agreement between England and Russia with almost a general sense of relief, the agreement affording a reason to hope the war may yet be averted by diplomatic means. It is believed that Sir Peter Lumsden has the Afghans sufficiently under control to prevent a collision between Afghan and Russian troops, pending the pacific settlement of the frontier dispute. Some prominent Conservatives point out that the agreement will not prevent Russia from massing troops on the border of the debatable territory, and they object to the Russians being allowed to remain even temporarily on the territory claimed as belonging to Afghanistan.

Sir Peter Lumsden has certain discretionary powers touching his course in the event of a dangerous Russian advance. He is nearly six days' march distant from the nearest telegraph station, and what his action will be in the event of a Russian attack upon the Afghan stronghold has not been allowed to be known, but it is believed he will send officers to Herat to organize the Afghan troops, while he himself assumes a position, not necessarily warlike, at the Rebel Pass.

Still Cause for Anxiety in Afghanistan.

LONDON, March 13.--Lord Hartington, Secretary of State for War, stated this evening in the Commons that it was impossible to deny that there was still cause for great anxiety regarding the relations of Great Britain and Russia. The arrangement between England and Russia, announced by Gladstone in the Commons this afternoon as concluded to-day, resulted in a decision by the Cabinet not to insist on the withdrawal of the Russian troops from the outposts during the deliberations of the Joint Commission.

Baron De Staal yesterday sent a denial to Granville by De Giers of the report that troops were concentrating at Kaskabad. He also protested against the preparations for war, which it is reported are now being made in England, and the demonstrations upon the Indian frontier, which he said were calculated to lessen the chances of an amicable settlement, consequent upon the agreement.

The Anglo-Russian Situation.

PARIS, March 13.--Baron Mohrenheim, the Russian Ambassador, has been interviewed in regard to the present Anglo-Russian situation. He expressed the opinion that Emperor William would exert his influence to avert war and also endeavor to induce England to make some concessions. He recited the idea that Russia would withdraw her troops from the positions at present occupied. Such action would reflect dishonor upon Russian arms. In case England did not declare war, it was certain, in his opinion, that Russia would not do so. He thought it extremely unlikely that England would declare war, as she has her hands full already. De Giers, the Russian Prime Minister, is animated by a desire for peace. The influence of the war party in Russia has diminished since the death of General Skobeleff.

The Russian Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 13.--The Governor of the Caucasus, General Dudenoff Korsakoff, has returned to Tiflis. The tone of the Russian press continues extremely bellicose. The open declaration is made that Russia intends to have Herat.

Novo Vermya calls the approaching meeting of Lord Dufferin and the Ameer of Afghanistan a military demonstration on the Russian frontiers. "Russia and England," the writer continues, "will soon meet on dry land, and the result will be that the isolated security hitherto enjoyed by the British Empire will be destroyed."

What the Czar Says.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 13.--The Czar of Russia said to-night, in an informal talk with several diplomats: "I can not feel sure that the wildest dreamer could think I would declare war against England. Our ends can be attained, and will be attained, but will be by the gradual power of civilization and not by force."

Russians Purchasing Camels.

LONDON, March 13.--The Government has advised that agents of Russia are purchasing all the camels that can be procured in the Bokhara district. The Afghans are fortifying the important city of Balkh, near the Oxus River boundary between Afghanistan and Turkestan.

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

A Band to Band Encounter With the Arabs.

SEARIM, March 13.--In repelling the rebel attack Wednesday night the outposts fought heroically. Hand to hand encounters were frequent. In one instance five English soldiers bayoneted fifteen rebels. When disabled by wounds in the legs, they fought in kneeling posture, firing as long as any strength remained.

France Creates a Sensation by Expelling Fenians.

PARIS, March 13.--An immense sensation is caused by the stand which the authorities have taken toward the Fenian agitators. In addition to the arrests of James Stephens, Eugene Davis and John Morrissey yesterday, the police this morning arrested a journalist named Mortimer Le Roy, and another Fenian, name not learned. Mrs. Stephens was also arrested, but subsequently released. All persons now under arrest are to be expelled from the country to-day. Warrants for the expulsion of other Fenian leaders have been issued, and further arrests are expected. Stephens, Davis, Morrissey and Le Roy were taken to the frontier of France to-day and warned not to return.

Steamship Subsidy in the Reichstag.

BERLIN, March 13.--During a debate in the Reichstag to-day on the Steamship Subsidy bill, Bismarck said even without the colonial policy subsidized lines to the east would be useful to Germany, and if the House should reject the grant for one or other of the proposed lines, the Government would thankfully accept the remainder as an installment. Replying to Rintelen's objections to the colonizing ventures, Bismarck declared there was a good prospect of building up a thriving mining industry at Angra Pequena, and obtaining a supply of cotton from German producers in the Cameroons and New Guinea colonies. He stated the negotiations with England regarding the Cameroons territory were making gratifying progress.

Protest Against the Fenian Expulsions.

PARIS, March 13.--L'Intransigeant protests against the expulsion of Stephens, Davis and Le Roy. The action indicates that Ferry is ready to outrage the liberties of refugees who have sought an asylum in France, a thing which ministers of the Empire would never have dreamed of doing. Stephens' wife was not allowed to have an interview with him after his arrest.

Will Maintain an Attitude of Reserve.

DUBLIN, March 13.--The Irish Nationalists have decided to maintain an attitude of reserve during the visit of the Prince of Wales. They have issued an address that the Prince's visit to Ireland is inopportune, while unappealingly indecent while the coterie protected by Lord Spencer is in possession of Dublin Castle.

Metemneh Evacuated.

KORTI, March 13.--A report is current among the natives to the effect that the Mahdi has evacuated Metemneh. The reason alleged for the step is the Mahdi fears an invasion is about to be made into the Sudan from Abyssinia.

The Czar's Visit to Vienna.

LONDON, March 13.--A dispatch from Vienna to the Times says the Czar is expected to pay the Emperor Francis Joseph a visit this summer. It is thought probable Emperor William will also come to Vienna.

Consols Still Declining.

LONDON, March 13.--Consols made a further slight decline; at 4 this afternoon they were 96 1/2 for money and 97 for account.

Death of French Lawyer.

PARIS, March 13.--M. Louis Andre Ferdinand Gatteaux, the well known lawyer and ex-member of the Chamber of Deputies, is dead.

Gordon Memorial Services.

LONDON, March 13.--Memorial services in honor of General Gordon were held to-day at St. Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey and many other cathedrals. Immense crowds were present everywhere.

Enteric Fever at Korti.

KORTI, March 13.--During the week ten soldiers here have died from enteric fever. The cemetery was desecrated by the natives.

Foreign Notes.

The death of Sir Curtis Miranda Lampon, Bart., is announced. He was born in Vermont, September, 1806.

Joseph John Jenkins, of London, the well-known painter in water colors, is dead. He was born at London in 1811.

The Rome Tribunaux says it is positive that negotiations of the utmost importance between Italy and England are on the eve of consummation.

The Russian Government has formally sanctioned the reciprocal treaty between Germany and Russia for the extradition of conspirators against the lives of royal personages.

It is reported that members of the French government are convinced of the necessity of marching upon Peking. The government will shortly ask a grant of \$10,000,000 to provide for the dispatch of 25,000 men to China.

The London Stock Exchange was depressed to-day, owing to pessimist war views prevailing. It is believed there will be a rebound to-morrow in consequence of Gladstone's announcement in the Commons yesterday afternoon.

The Miners' Strike.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 13.--The striking miners were reinforced to-day by accessions from the Hampton mines along the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and this will involve the force employed on the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company and other extensive coal mines. The miners' President, Costello, asserts that not a single mine on the Monongahela River is in operation in full, and says that the strike is the most determined ever arranged here. Several mills have closed down in consequence of the failure of the coal supply from the mines included in the strike. No efforts looking toward a compromise have been made.

Ship Prince of Wales Heard From.

MONTREAL, March 13.--Word has just been received from the ship Prince of Wales, from Moose Factory, Hudson Bay, in October last with a valuable cargo of furs for London. Information comes by a dog train that after a trying and difficult time the vessel reached Charlton Island, about sixty miles from Moose Factory. The crew were all safe and were wintering in huts on the island.

## INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, March 14--1 a. m.

For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee--Warmer and generally fair weather, followed in the Ohio Valley by local rains, winds generally shifting to southwesterly, falling, preceded in the eastern portions by rising barometer.

For the Upper Lake Region--Warmer and partly cloudy weather, local rains or snows, southerly winds, shifting to westerly, falling, followed in the northwest portion by rising barometer.